

## made of air building materials from greenhouse gases



# greenhous gases are a problem

or

# a material resource.

| Column C( | D <sub>2</sub> Mixing Ratio ( | opmv)                   |     |     |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|-----|
| 375       | 380                           | 385                     | 390 | 395 |
| Column C( | D Burden (10 <sup>18</sup> mo | olec cm <sup>-2</sup> ) |     |     |
| 0.0       | 1.5                           | 3.0                     | 4.5 | 6.0 |

# made of air the problem 2 We will emit too much CO<sub>2</sub> before we make the transition to only renewables. 3 To limit global warming to safe levels, we need to remove existing CO<sub>2</sub> directly from the atmosphere. (IPCC) 1 CO<sub>2</sub>

Reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions alone is **not enough** to limit warming to 1.5C (COP21 target).

## cities

In cities, housing our population increase alone will emit 350gT of carbon\_into the atmosphere by 2050.



present 7.5 bn people

2050 9.7 bn people • • • • • •



## how it works



into the air.

CO<sub>2</sub> into carbon and stabilizes it for millenia in a highly concentrated, solid

can yield a material with **negative CO**<sub>2</sub> emissions.



# vision

If we add just **10%** of Made of Air to all engineered goods, we will remove

# 3.6Gt of CO<sub>2</sub>

from the atmosphere per year.\*

\* IPCC: in order to reach the 2°C target by 2050, we need to reduce **2-10Gt CO<sub>2</sub> per year**.





# applications

As an additive, Made of Air can fill up to 40% in polymer comopounds and up to 20% in mineral compounds.

As a carbon negative polymer, Made of Air enables building materials to sequester  $2 \text{kg CO}_2$  per kg.





# incentive

# policy is changing



- local governments are active
- energy and carbon footprint regulations are happening



C4C





# consumer

pressure (CSR)



### Reynobond®

• sustainability is a growth market



 39% of all CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the US are from buildings





## **business model**



## market



#### cladding market example:



#### embodied CO<sub>2</sub> emissions:

+ Typical Building Materials (kg CO<sub>2</sub>-eq/kg)





## directors



#### Allison Dring, MArch, UCL

Director, Co-Founder

Architect with an interdisciplinary background applying design research to the scale of cities. Co-Founder of Elegant Embellishments and lectures on topics involving technology and the environment.



## advisors



#### **Prof. Dr. Arne Thomas**

Professor, Functional Materials

Professor of Functional Materials at the department of Inorganic Chemistry, Technische Universität Berlin. Dr. Thomas' research focuses on porous and nanostructured materials.

#### Dr. Galina Churkina

Scientist, Senior Fellow

Senior Fellow at the Institute for Advanced Sustainability Studies in Potsdam. Dr. Churkina's work investigates various feedbacks between urbanization and our planet, pioneering new studies of the urban carbon cycle.

#### Dr. Will Laufs

Structural Engineer, Adjunct Professor

Adjunct Professor at Columbia University and Pratt Institute. Dr. Laufs is a leader in the field of structural, facade engineering and specialty structures. As Director at LED, his work focuses on new materials and complex geometries.

### **Fil Guijarro**

Business Development & Sales, Mentor

Business development consultant and Startupbootcamp Mentor. Mr. Guijarro is an expert in the expansion of digital products & services, heading the internationalization of various European internet startups.



#### Daniel Schwaag, DipArch, MSc, UCL

Director, Co-Founder

Veteran digital designer with an extensive background in computer-generated design and form-finding. Co-Founder of Elegant Embellishments and Mentor for Hybrid Plattform, UdK Berlin.







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## interested? get in touch!